Shell Omala C	Dil F 220
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Version 2.1

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### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product name	:	Shell Omala Oil F 220
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Product code	:	001A0929

# Manufacturer or supplier's details

Manufacturer/Supplier	<ul> <li>Shell India Markets Private Limited (U23201TN2004PTC053147)</li> <li>2nd Floor, Campus 4A</li> <li>RMZ Millenia Park</li> <li>143 Dr. MGR Road, Perungudi</li> <li>CHENNAI</li> <li>600096</li> <li>India</li> </ul>
Telephone	: (+91) 04443450000
Telefax	: (+91) 04443451516
Emergency telephone number	: +91 22 6516 1058
Recommended use of the c	hemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use	: Gear oil

# 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature

: Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSOextract, according to IP346.

#### Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification (67/548/EEC)	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)	Concentration [%]
Amine phosphate	91745-46-9	Xi-N; R22-R41- R43-R51/53	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	0.1 - 0.9

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

# 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

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Based on available data this subs	tance / mixture does not meet the classi	fication criteria.

Label elements Hazard pictograms Signal word	<ul><li>No Hazard Symbol required</li><li>No signal word</li></ul>
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard according to CLP criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under CLP criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as environmental hazard according to CLP criteria.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>Prevention: No precautionary phrases.</li> <li>Response: No precautionary phrases.</li> <li>Storage: No precautionary phrases.</li> <li>Disposal: No precautionary phrases.</li> </ul>
Sensitising components	: Contains amine phosphate. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### Other hazards

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis. Used oil may contain harmful impurities. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

#### 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

General advice	: Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.	
If inhaled	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.	
In case of skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available.</li> <li>If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.</li> </ul>	
In case of eye contact	<ul> <li>Flush eye with copious quantities of water.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.</li> </ul>	
If swallowed	: In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities	

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	are swallowed, however, get me	dical advice.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	: Oil acne/folliculitis signs and sym of black pustules and spots on the Ingestion may result in nausea, w	he skin of exposed areas.
Protection of first-aiders	: When administering first aid, ens appropriate personal protective e incident, injury and surroundings	equipment according to the
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically.	

# 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during firefighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	: Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	: Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
	Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

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Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	<ul> <li>Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.</li> </ul>
Additional advice	<ul> <li>For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.</li> <li>For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.</li> </ul>
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE	
General Precautions	<ul> <li>Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols.</li> <li>Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.</li> </ul>
Advice on safe handling	<ul> <li>Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.</li> <li>Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists.</li> <li>When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used.</li> <li>Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.</li> </ul>
Avoidance of contact	: Strong oxidising agents.
Product Transfer	<ul> <li>This material has the potential to be a static accumulator. Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations.</li> </ul>
Storage	
Other data	<ul> <li>Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place.</li> <li>Use properly labeled and closable containers.</li> </ul>
	Store at ambient temperature.
Packaging material	: Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.
Container Advice	: Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high temperatures because of possible risk of distortion.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

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#### Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	IN OEL
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	IN OEL
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA ((inhalable fraction))	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	India. Permissible levels of certain chemical substances in work environment.
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	(Mist)	10 mg/m3	India. Permissible levels of certain chemical substances in work environment.
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
	Not Assigned	TWA (Inhalable fraction)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

#### **Biological occupational exposure limits**

No biological limit allocated.

#### **Monitoring Methods**

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate. Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory. Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering	measures
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The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select

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	controls based on a risk assessme Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control air	
	Where material is heated, sprayed greater potential for airborne conc	
	General Information: Define procedures for safe handlin controls. Educate and train workers in the h measures relevant to normal activ product. Ensure appropriate selection, test equipment used to control exposu equipment, local exhaust ventilation Drain down system prior to equipm maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed stora subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hy washing hands after handling the drinking, and/or smoking. Routine protective equipment to remove co contaminated clothing and footwer Practice good housekeeping.	nazards and control ities associated with this ing and maintenance of re, e.g. personal protective on. nent break-in or age pending disposal or giene measures, such as material and before eating, ely wash work clothing and ontaminants. Discard

### Personal protective equipment

#### **Protective measures**

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Respiratory protection	<ul> <li>No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use.</li> <li>In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material.</li> <li>If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation.</li> <li>Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.</li> <li>Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter.</li> <li>Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours [Type A/Type P boiling point &gt;65°C (149°F)].</li> </ul>
Hand protection	
Remarks	Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice

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	from glove suppliers. Contaminate replaced. Personal hygiene is a k care. Gloves must only be worn o gloves, hands should be washed Application of a non-perfumed mo	ey element of effective hand n clean hands. After using and dried thoroughly.
	For continuous contact we recom breakthrough time of more than 2 for > 480 minutes where suitable short-term/splash protection we re recognize that suitable gloves offe may not be available and in this c time maybe acceptable so long as and replacement regimes are follo a good predictor of glove resistan dependent on the exact composit Glove thickness should be typical depending on the glove make and	40 minutes with preference gloves can be identified. For ecommend the same, but ering this level of protection ase a lower breakthrough s appropriate maintenance owed. Glove thickness is not ce to a chemical as it is ion of the glove material. ly greater than 0.35 mm
Eye protection	: If material is handled such that it of protective eyewear is recommend	
Skin and body protection	<ul> <li>Skin protection is not ordinarily re work clothes.</li> <li>It is good practice to wear chemic</li> </ul>	
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable	

### Environmental exposure controls

General advice	<ul> <li>Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water.</li> <li>Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.</li> </ul>
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### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	: Liquid at room temperature.	
Colour	: brown	
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon	
Odour Threshold	: Data not available	
рН	: Not applicable	
pour point	: -18 °C / -0.40 °FMethod: IP 15	
Initial boiling point and boiling	: > 280 °C / 536 °Festimated value(s)	

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range		
Flash point	: 199 °C / 390 °F Method: IP 34	
Evaporation rate	: Data not available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Data not available	
Upper explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)	
Lower explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)	
Vapour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)	
Relative vapour density	: > 1estimated value(s)	
Relative density	: 0.899 (15 °C / 59 °F)	
Density	: 899 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F) Method: IP 365	
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	: negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6(based on information or	n similar products)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C / 608 °F	
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 220 mm2/s (40.0 °C / 104.0 °F) Method: IP 71	
	19.4 mm2/s (100 °C / 212 °F) Method: IP 71	
Explosive properties	: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to b	e a static accumulator.
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	

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10. STABILITY AND REACTIVIT		
Reactivity	The product does not pose any further reac addition to those listed in the following sub-	
Chemical stability	Stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.	
Conditions to avoid	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight	t.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidising agents.	

Hazardous decomposition products	: Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage.

# **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

I	Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
	Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Acut	e toxicity		
<u> </u>	Product:		
/	Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:
/	Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.
/	Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

### Skin corrosion/irritation

# Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

# Serious eye damage/eye irritation

### Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

#### **Components:**

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#### Amine phosphate:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

#### **Components:**

#### Amine phosphate:

Remarks: Experimental data has shown that the concentration of potentially sensitising components present in this product does not induce skin sensitisation. May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

#### Product:

Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

#### Carcinogenicity

#### Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

#### Reproductive toxicity

#### Product:

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

#### STOT - single exposure

#### Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

#### Product:

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Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

#### Aspiration toxicity

#### Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

#### **Further information**

#### Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

### **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Basis for assessment	<ul> <li>Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product.</li> <li>Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.</li> <li>Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).</li> </ul>
Ecotoxicity	
Product:	
Toxicity to fish (Acute	:

toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	Remarks: Data not available
5,	: Remarks: Data not available
	: Remarks: Data not available

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Persistence and degradability Product:		
Biodegradability	: Remarks: Expected to be not readil constituents are expected to be inher contains components that may personal structure contains components that structure contains components that structure contains components that structure contains components that structure contains contains components that structure contains contains components that structure contains contai	erently biodegradable, but
Bioaccumulative potential		
Product:		
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains components wit bioaccumulate.	h the potential to
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on inform	nation on similar products)
Mobility in soil		
Product:		
Mobility	<ul> <li>Remarks: Liquid under most environ enters soil, it will adsorb to soil parti mobile.</li> <li>Remarks: Floats on water.</li> </ul>	
Other adverse effects		
no data available Product:		
Additional ecological information	<ul> <li>Product is a mixture of non-volatile expected to be released to air in an Not expected to have ozone depleti photochemical ozone creation poten potential.</li> <li>Poorly soluble mixture., May cause organisms.</li> <li>Mineral oil is not expected to cause aquatic organisms at concentrations</li> </ul>	y significant quantities., on potential, ntial or global warming physical fouling of aquatic any chronic effects to

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues	<ul> <li>Recover or recycle if possible.</li> <li>It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.</li> <li>Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses</li> </ul>
	Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably

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	to a recognized collector or contract the collector or contractor should be Disposal should be in accordance w national, and local laws and regulat	e established beforehand. vith applicable regional,
Local legislation Remarks	: Disposal should be in accordance w national, and local laws and regulat	

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### **International Regulations**

ADR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

### IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Pollution category Ship type Product name Special precautions	<ul> <li>Not applicable</li> <li>Not applicable</li> <li>Not applicable</li> <li>Not applicable</li> <li>Not applicable</li> </ul>
Special precautions for user	
Remarks	: Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage,

# for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

Additional Information : MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

#### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules 1989 (amended version issued 2000). The Factories Act, 1948, The Second Schedule: Permissible levels of certain chemical substances in work environment, as amended through 1987. India Central motor Vehicles (Amendment) Rules 1993.

#### Other international regulations

#### The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS	:	All components listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA	:	All components listed.

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### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of R-Phrases

R22 R41 R43 R51/53	Harmful if swallowed. Risk of serious damage to eyes. May cause sensitisation by skin contact. Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.	
Full text of H-Statemer	Its	
H302 H317 H318 H411	Harmful if swallowed. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Full text of other abbre	viations	
Acute Tox. Aquatic Chronic Eye Dam. Skin Sens.	Acute toxicity Chronic aquatic toxicity Serious eye damage Skin sensitisation	
Abbreviations and Acror	nyms : The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.	
SDS Regulation	: Regulation 1907/2006/EC	
Further information		
Other information	: A vertical bar ( ) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.	

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.