# Shell Omala S4 GXV 150

Version 1.0

Revision Date 21.06.2018

Print Date 22.06.2018

#### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

- Product name : Shell Omala S4 GXV 150
- Product code : 001F8461

#### Manufacturer or supplier's details

Manufacturer/Supplier	: Shell India Markets Private Limite (U23201TN2004PTC053147) 2nd Floor, Campus 4A RMZ Millenia Park 143 Dr. MGR Road, Perungudi CHENNAI 600096 India	d
Telephone	: (+91) 04443450000	
Telefax	: (+91) 04443451516	
Emergency telephone number	: +91 22 6516 1058	
Recommended use of the ch	emical and restrictions on use	
Recommended use	: Gear oil	

### 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature : Blend of polyolefins and additives.

#### Hazardous components

#### 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

#### Label elements

Safety data sheet available on request.

Hazard pictograms Signal word	<ul><li>No Hazard Symbol required</li><li>No signal word</li></ul>
Hazard statements	: PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard according to CLP criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS:

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	Not classified as a health hazard und ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as environmental hazar criteria.	
Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>Prevention: No precautionary phrases.</li> <li>Response: No precautionary phrases.</li> <li>Storage: No precautionary phrases.</li> <li>Disposal: No precautionary phrases.</li> </ul>	

#### Other hazards

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis. Used oil may contain harmful impurities. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

If inhaled	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available.</li> <li>If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.</li> </ul>
In case of eye contact	<ul> <li>Flush eye with copious quantities of water.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.</li> </ul>
If swallowed	: In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	: Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
Protection of first-aiders	: When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically.

### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon

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	dioxide, sand or earth may be us	sed for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water in a jet.	
Specific hazards during firefighting	<ul> <li>Hazardous combustion products A complex mixture of airborne so gases (smoke).</li> <li>Carbon monoxide may be evolve occurs.</li> <li>Unidentified organic and inorgan</li> </ul>	olid and liquid particulates and ed if incomplete combustion
Specific extinguishing methods	: Use extinguishing measures that circumstances and the surround	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: Proper protective equipment incl gloves are to be worn; chemical large contact with spilled produc Breathing Apparatus must be wo a confined space. Select fire figh relevant Standards (e.g. Europe	resistant suit is indicated if t is expected. Self-Contained orn when approaching a fire in nter's clothing approved to

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
		Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.
Additional advice	:	For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of

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		vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet a assessment of local circumstances to h appropriate controls for safe handling, s this material.	elp determine
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact wi Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety worn and proper handling equipment sh Properly dispose of any contaminated r materials in order to prevent fires.	y footwear should be hould be used.
Avoidance of contact	:	Strong oxidising agents.	
Product Transfer	:	This material has the potential to be a s Proper grounding and bonding procedu during all bulk transfer operations.	
Storage			
Other data	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a c place. Use properly labeled and closable cont	
		Store at ambient temperature.	
Packaging material	:	Suitable material: For containers or con steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	tainer linings, use mild
Container Advice	:	Polyethylene containers should not be temperatures because of possible risk of	

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Components with workplace control parameters

#### Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

#### **Monitoring Methods**

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

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	Nevision Date 21.00.2010	FIIII Dale 22.00.2010
http://www.hse.gov.uk/ Institut für Arbeitsschutz Der http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/ind	e (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determinati utschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung dex.jsp rche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://	(IFA) , Germany
Engineering measures	<ul> <li>The level of protection and types of vary depending upon potential exp controls based on a risk assessme Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airb</li> </ul>	oosure conditions. Select ent of local circumstances.
	Where material is heated, sprayed greater potential for airborne conce	
	General Information: Define procedures for safe handlin controls.	ng and maintenance of
	Educate and train workers in the h measures relevant to normal activi product.	
	Ensure appropriate selection, testi equipment used to control exposur equipment, local exhaust ventilatio	re, e.g. personal protective
	Drain down system prior to equipm maintenance.	nent break-in or
	Retain drain downs in sealed stora subsequent recycle.	age pending disposal or
	Always observe good personal hyg washing hands after handling the r drinking, and/or smoking. Routine protective equipment to remove co contaminated clothing and footwea Practice good housekeeping.	material and before eating, ly wash work clothing and ontaminants. Discard
Personal protective equip	ment	
Protective measures		
Personal protective equipme PPE suppliers.	ent (PPE) should meet recommended na	tional standards. Check with
Respiratory protection	: No respiratory protection is ordinal conditions of use.	
	In accordance with good industrial	

precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material.

Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours [Type A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].

concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne

appropriate combination of mask and filter.

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Hand protection	
Remarks	: Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.
	For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same, but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model.
Eye protection	: If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, protective eyewear is recommended.
Skin and body protection	<ul> <li>Skin protection is not ordinarily required beyond standard work clothes.</li> <li>It is good practice to wear chemical resistant gloves.</li> </ul>
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable
Environmental exposure co	ontrols
General advice	: Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from

being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water.
Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

: liquid

vapour.

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		Date 22.06.20
Colour	ear	
Odour	light hydrocarbon	
Odour Threshold	ata not available	
pH	ot applicable	
pour point	ata not available	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	280 °C / 536 °Festimated value(s)	
Flash point	= 200 °C / >= 392 °F lethod: ASTM D92 (COC)	
Evaporation rate	ata not available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	ata not available	
Upper explosion limit	ypical 10 %(V)	
Lower explosion limit	ypical 1 %(V)	
Vapour pressure	0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) stimated value(s)	
Relative vapour density	1estimated value(s)	
Relative density	.862 (15 °C / 59 °F)	
Density	62 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F) lethod: DIN EN ISO 12185	
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	egligible	
Solubility in other solvents	ata not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	g Pow: > 6(based on information on similar p	products)
Auto-ignition temperature	320 °C / 608 °F	
Decomposition temperature	ata not available	
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	ata not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	35 - 165 mm2/s (40.0 °C / 104.0 °F) lethod: ASTM D445	
Explosive properties	ot classified	

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Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be	a static accumulator.
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY		
Reactivity	: The product does not pose any fur addition to those listed in the follow	

Chemical stability	: Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

### **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

	Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
	Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Acu	ite toxicity		
	Product:		
	Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
	Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
	Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Skin corrosion/irritation

### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

#### Product:

Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Carcinogenicity

#### Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

#### Product:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### STOT - single exposure

#### Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

#### Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Aspiration toxicity

#### Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

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#### **Further information**

### Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

#### **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Basis for assessment	: Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Ecotoxicity	
Product:	
Toxicity to fish (Acute	:
toxicity)	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/I Practically non toxic:
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to algae/aquatic	:
plants (Acute toxicity)	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/I Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available
Persistence and degradability	

#### Product:

Biodegradability	: Remarks: Not readily biodegradable., Major constituents are

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	inherently biodegradable, but conta persist in the environment.	ins components that may
Bioaccumulative potential		
Product:		
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains components wit bioaccumulate.	h the potential to
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on in products)	formation on similar
Mobility in soil		
Product:		
Mobility	<ul> <li>Remarks: Liquid under most environmental conditions., If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile.</li> <li>Remarks: Floats on water.</li> </ul>	
Other adverse effects		
no data available <u>Product:</u>		
Additional ecological information	<ul> <li>Does not have ozone depletion pote ozone creation potential or global w is a mixture of non-volatile compone released to air in any significant qua conditions of use.</li> <li>Poorly soluble mixture., Causes phy organisms.</li> </ul>	varming potential., Product ents, which will not be antities under normal

### **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues :	Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses
	Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.
Contaminated packaging :	Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

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Local legislation Remarks	: Disposal should be in accordance national, and local laws and regula	

#### **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### **International Regulations**

#### ADR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

### IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

#### Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

The Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules 1989 (amended version issued 2000). The Factories Act, 1948, The Second Schedule: Permissible levels of certain chemical substances in work environment, as amended through 1987. India Central motor Vehicles (Amendment) Rules 1993.

#### Other international regulations

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS/ELINCS/EC	:	All components listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA	:	All components listed.

### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

do	e standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this cument can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. ientific dictionaries) and/or websites.
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SDS Regulation	: Regulation 1907/2006/EC	
Further information		
Training advice	: Provide adequate information, instruoperators.	iction and training for
Other information	: A vertical bar ( ) in the left margin in from the previous version.	dicates an amendment
Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	: The quoted data are from, but not lir sources of information (e.g. toxicolog Health Services, material suppliers' IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulati	gical data from Shell data, CONCAWE, EU

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.