Shell Turbo Oil T 68

Version 1.4

 Revision Date 11.01.2018
 Print Date 12.01.2018

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product name :	Shell Turbo Oil T 68
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Product code	:	001A9784
1100000	•	001/10/01

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Manufacturer/Supplier	: Shell India Markets Private Limited (U23201TN2004PTC053147) 2nd Floor, Campus 4A RMZ Millenia Park 143 Dr. MGR Road, Perungudi CHENNAI 600096 India	k
Telephone	: (+91) 04443450000	
Telefax	: (+91) 04443451516	
Emergency telephone number	: +91 22 6516 1058	
Recommended use of the ch	emical and restrictions on use	
Recommended use	: Turbine oil.	

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature	:	Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346.
	:	* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers: 64742- 53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-65-0, 68037-01-4, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 8042-47-5, 848301-69- 9.

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification (67/548/EEC)	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)	Concentration [%]
N-phenyl-1- naphthylamine	90-30-2	Xn-Xi-N; R22- R43-R50/53	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Sens. 1B; H317 STOT RE 2; H373 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	0.1 - 0.24

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Interchangeable low viscosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) *	Not Assigned		Asp. Tox. 1; H304	0 - 90

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

Label elements

Safety data sheet available on request.

Hazard pictograms : Signal word	No Hazard Symbol required : No signal word
Hazard statements	 PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard according to CLP criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under CLP criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as environmental hazard according to CLP criteria.
Precautionary statements	 Prevention: No precautionary phrases. Response: No precautionary phrases. Storage: No precautionary phrases. Disposal: No precautionary phrases.
Sensitising components	: Contains N-phenyl-1-naphthylamine. May produce an allergic reaction.

Other hazards

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis. Used oil may contain harmful impurities. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

General advice	: Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.

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If inhaled	: No treatment necessary under r If symptoms persist, obtain med	
In case of skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing. water and follow by washing wit If persistent irritation occurs, ob	th soap if available.
In case of eye contact	 Flush eye with copious quantitie Remove contact lenses, if prese rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, ob 	ent and easy to do. Continue
If swallowed	: In general no treatment is neces are swallowed, however, get me	
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	 Oil acne/folliculitis signs and syn of black pustules and spots on t Ingestion may result in nausea, 	the skin of exposed areas.
Protection of first-aiders	: When administering first aid, en appropriate personal protective incident, injury and surrounding	equipment according to the
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically.	

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during firefighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

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6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES Personal precautions, : Avoid contact with skin and eyes. protective equipment and emergency procedures Environmental precautions : Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Methods and materials for : Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth containment and cleaning up or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly. Additional advice : For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

this Safety Data Sheet.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions :	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling :	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.
Avoidance of contact :	Strong oxidising agents.
Product Transfer :	This material has the potential to be a static accumulator. Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations.
Storage	
Other data :	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.

For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of

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 Store at ambient temperature.
 Store at ambient temperature.
 Image: Store at ambient temperature.

 Packaging material
 :
 Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.

 Container Advice
 :
 Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high temperatures because of possible risk of distortion.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	IN OEL
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	IN OEL
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA ((inhalable fraction))	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	India. Permissible levels of certain chemical substances in work environment.
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	(Mist)	10 mg/m3	India. Permissible levels of certain chemical substances in work environment.
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
	Not Assigned	TWA (Inhalable fraction)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Components with workplace control parameters

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate. Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

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contact the supplier. Furthe National Institute of Occupa http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/ Occupational Safety and He http://www.osha.gov/ Health and Safety Executive http://www.hse.gov.uk/ Institut für Arbeitsschutz De http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/in	ommended exposure measurement meth r national methods may be available. tional Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: ealth Administration (OSHA), USA: Samp e (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determinat utschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung dex.jsp rche et de Securité, (INRS), France http:	Manual of Analytical Metho oling and Analytical Methods tion of Hazardous Substanc g (IFA) , Germany
Engineering measures	 The level of protection and types vary depending upon potential ex controls based on a risk assessm Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control air Where material is heated, sprayed greater potential for airborne condition 	posure conditions. Select ent of local circumstances. borne concentrations. d or mist formed, there is
	General Information: Define procedures for safe handli controls. Educate and train workers in the I measures relevant to normal activ product. Ensure appropriate selection, test equipment used to control exposu equipment, local exhaust ventilati Drain down system prior to equip maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed stor subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hy washing hands after handling the drinking, and/or smoking. Routine protective equipment to remove c contaminated clothing and footwe	hazards and control vities associated with this ting and maintenance of ure, e.g. personal protective on. ment break-in or age pending disposal or vgiene measures, such as material and before eating, ely wash work clothing and ontaminants. Discard

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Respiratory protection	 No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne
	concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation.

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	Check with respiratory protective Where air-filtering respirators are appropriate combination of mask Select a filter suitable for the com and vapours [Type A/Type P boili	suitable, select an and filter. bination of organic gases
Hand protection		
Remarks	: Where hand contact with the prod gloves approved to relevant stand US: F739) made from the followin suitable chemical protection. PVC gloves Suitability and durability of usage, e.g. frequency and duratio resistance of glove material, dexte from glove suppliers. Contaminate replaced. Personal hygiene is a ke care. Gloves must only be worn o gloves, hands should be washed a Application of a non-perfumed mo	lards (e.g. Europe: EN374, g materials may provide , neoprene or nitrile rubber a glove is dependent on n of contact, chemical erity. Always seek advice ed gloves should be ey element of effective hand n clean hands. After using and dried thoroughly.
	For continuous contact we recomme breakthrough time of more than 24 for > 480 minutes where suitable of short-term/splash protection we re- recognize that suitable gloves offer may not be available and in this ca- time maybe acceptable so long as and replacement regimes are follor a good predictor of glove resistant dependent on the exact compositi Glove thickness should be typical depending on the glove make and	40 minutes with preference gloves can be identified. For ecommend the same, but ering this level of protection ase a lower breakthrough appropriate maintenance owed. Glove thickness is not ce to a chemical as it is on of the glove material. by greater than 0.35 mm
Eye protection	: If material is handled such that it of protective eyewear is recommend	
Skin and body protection	: Skin protection is not ordinarily re- work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemic	
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable	

Environmental exposure controls

relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given ir Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plan before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances	General advice	contamination of the environment by following advice given in Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plan before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing
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9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	: Liquid at room temperature.
Colour	: Colourless to pale amber
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	: Data not available
рН	: Not applicable
pour point	: <= -24 °C / <= -11 °FMethod: ASTM D97
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: > 280 °C / 536 °Festimated value(s)
Flash point	: >= 240 °C / >= 464 °F Method: ASTM D92 (COC)
Evaporation rate	: Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Data not available
Upper explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)
Lower explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)
Vapour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)
Relative vapour density	: > 1estimated value(s)
Relative density	: 0.871 (15 °C / 59 °F)
Density	: 871 kg/m3 (15 °C / 59 °F) Method: ASTM D4052
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	: negligible
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6(based on information on similar products)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C / 608 °F
Viegosity	
Viscosity	. Data pat available
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available
Viscosity, kinematic	: 68 mm2/s (40.0 °C / 104.0 °F) Method: ASTM D445

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	8.95 mm2/s (100 °C / 212 °F) Method: ASTM D445	
Explosive properties	: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be	e a static accumulator.
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	: The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	: Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

	Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
	Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Ас	ute toxicity		
	Product:		
	Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
	Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
	Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg

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Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Slightly irritating to skin., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

N-phenyl-1-naphthylamine:

Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

Reproductive toxicity

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Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Does not impair fertility.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment :	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Ecotoxicity	
Product:	
Toxicity to fish (Acute : toxicity)	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the clas	sification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/I Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the clas	sification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity) Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	 Remarks: Data not available Remarks: Data not available Remarks: Data not available 	
<u>Components:</u> N-phenyl-1-naphthylamine :		
M-Factor	: 1	
Persistence and degradability		
Product:		
Biodegradability	: Remarks: Not readily biodegrada inherently biodegradable, but con persist in the environment.	
Bioaccumulative potential		
Product:		
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains components bioaccumulate.	with the potential to
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on info	ormation on similar products)
Mobility in soil		
Product:		
Mobility	: Remarks: Liquid under most envi enters soil, it will adsorb to soil pa mobile. Remarks: Floats on water.	
Other adverse effects		
no data available <u>Product:</u>		
Additional ecological information	 Does not have ozone depletion p ozone creation potential or global is a mixture of non-volatile compore released to air in any significant of conditions of use. Poorly soluble mixture., Causes p organisms. Mineral oil is not expected to caustication 	warming potential., Product onents, which will not be quantities under normal ohysical fouling of aquatic
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aquatic organisms at concentrations less than 1 mg/l.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues	: Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses
	Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
Local legislation Remarks	: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

ADR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

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15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules 1989 (amended version issued 2000). The Factories Act, 1948, The Second Schedule: Permissible levels of certain chemical substances in work environment, as amended through 1987. India Central motor Vehicles (Amendment) Rules 1993.

Other international regulations

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS	:	All components listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA	:	All components listed.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of R-Phrases

R22	Harmful if swallowed.
R43	May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
R50/53	Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in
	the aquatic environment.

Full text of H-Statements

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
	if swallowed.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. Aquatic Acute Aquatic Chronic Asp. Tox. Skin Sens. STOT RE	Chronic Aspiration Skin ser	oxicity quatic toxicity aquatic toxicity on hazard nsitisation target organ toxicity - repeated exposure		
Abbreviations and Acron	yms :	The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.		
SDS Regulation	:	Regulation 1907/2006/EC		
Further information				
Training advice	:	Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.		

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Other information	: A vertical bar () in the left margin i from the previous version.	ndicates an amendment
Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	: The quoted data are from, but not sources of information (e.g. toxicol Health Services, material suppliers IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regula	ogical data from Shell 3' data, CONCAWE, EU

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.